RecorDIM Task Group 10 Technique of Monitoring for Sustaining Management of Archaeological Sites (Examples mainly of Western

(Examples mainly of Western Anatolia)

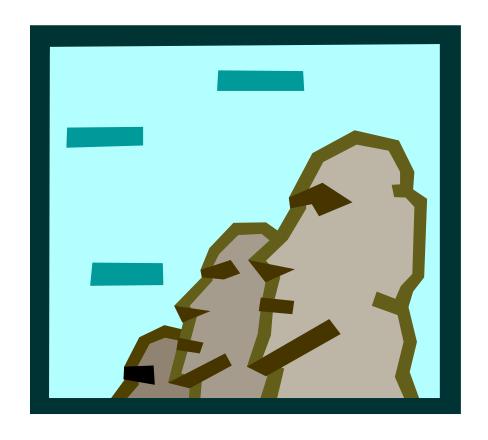
Monitoring?

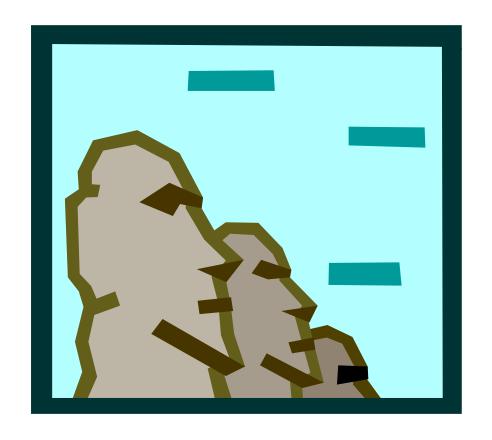
- Repeated observation
- in pre-defined time intervals
- for future change detection
- as basis for controlling,
- analysis and
- management decisions.

Historical Research vs. Sustaining Conservation Management

Past oriented

Future oriented





Kinds of Monuments

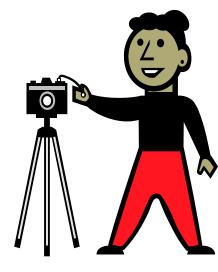
- Location: Above ground, underground, underwater
- Size: region, site, single monument
- Material: Wood, stone, earthen
- Value: Valuable, simple
- Importance: by any reason, unimportant
- Risks: High, low
- Environment: Respect, beauty, contrast,
- Use: Unused, unusable, inhabited

Threats and Risks

- Man: Negligence, ignorance, vandalism; poverty, richness; politics, religion; speculation
- 2. Man-made catastrophes: War, revolution, ...
- 3. Climate & time: Frost, sun, water, air, ...
- 4. Desasters: Earthquake, inundation, fire, ...
- 5. Tourism: Theft, dirt, paint, misuse ...
- 6. Mistakes: Wrong treatment, ...
- 7. Regional Development: Roads, housing, ...
- 8. Vegetation: Roots, ...
- 9. Animals and their excrements,
- 10. Many more ...



- Read and check (not for measures)
- Looking by free eye (no document!)
- Photography (analogue, digital?)
- Surveying (everything again?)
- Photogrammetry (total repeat?)
- Laser Scanning (comparable?)
- Satellite Remote Sensing (.."..)
- Thermo Sensing (conditions?)
- Other physical measurements (..?)





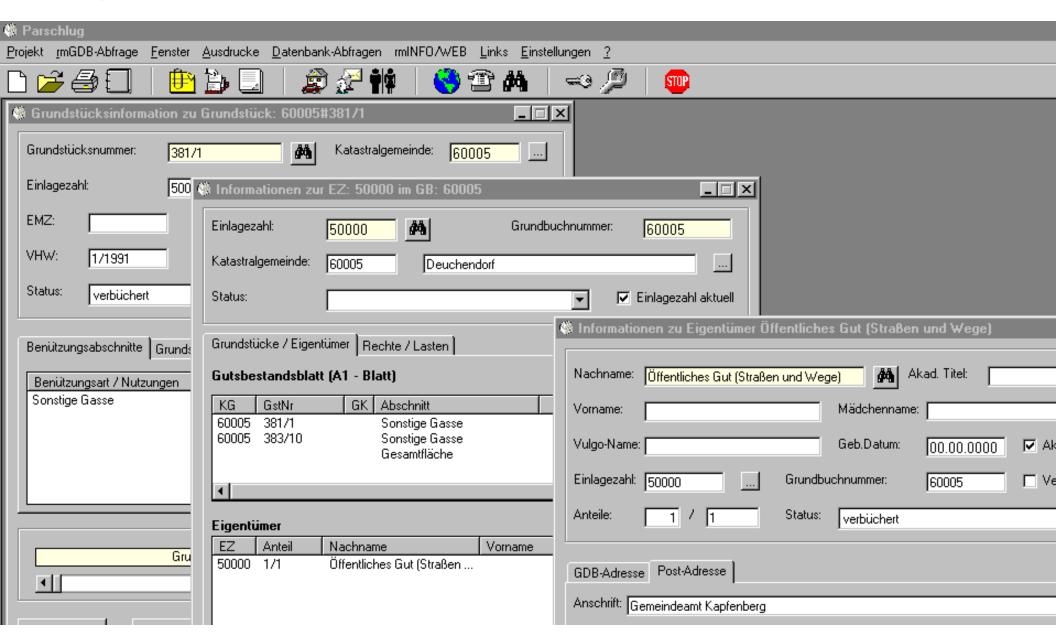


Events on Site

- Prospection
- Excavation
- Recording and Documentation
- Research and analyses
- Preservation and Anastyloses
- Controlling (objects, people)
- Safeguarding
- Touristic visiting
- Public events: feasts, theatre, ...
- Cleaning, service, craftsmen
- Administration and Management



Heritage Information and Management System (HIMS)

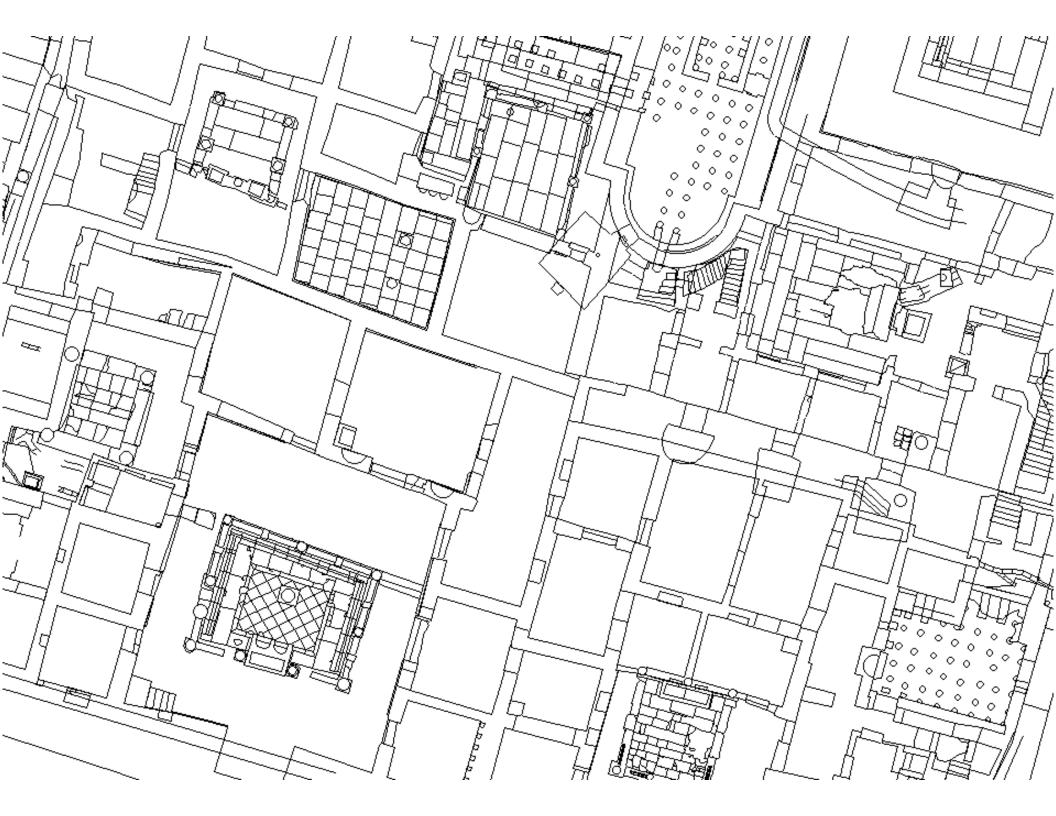














Guidelines

• Top-down





Bottom up







- + Science: archaeology, history
- + Site management
- + Conservation industry

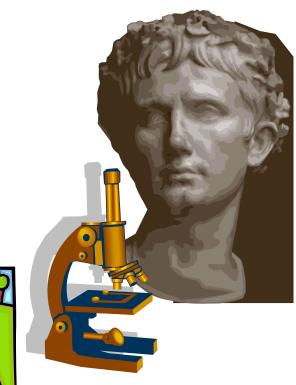


+ Community, region, country

+ Population, social welfare,

+ Future generations







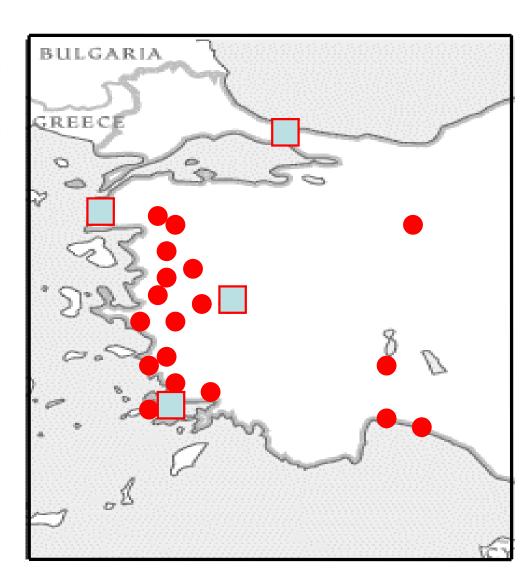
Status of Work

- ICOMOS Turkey: OK, helps with surveys
- Turkish Ministry: Recognition received 2005
- Decision on chairpersons 2006
- Decision on partners and associates 2005/06
- Application for EU project finished 2006
- Symposium Canakkale 2006 (28.5.-4.6.)
- Kick-off meeting end of 2006

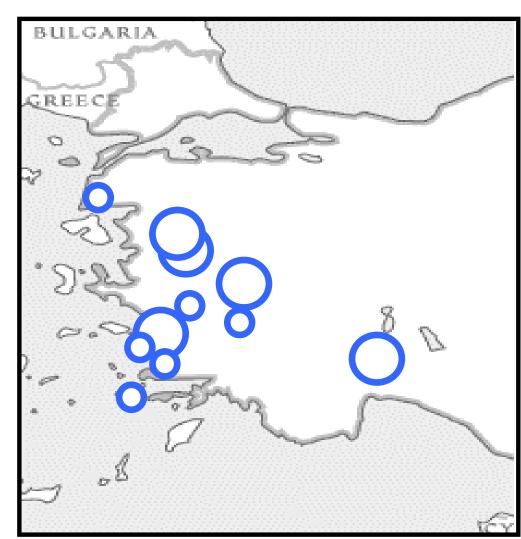
22 TG10 Partner's Sites

....TG-WH-Site

•...TG-NatH-Site



EU-Partner Sites



Main Partner

• Assoc.Partner

EU Project Partners

Austria: U.T. Vienna: PRS, Carto, Build. Survey, Preservation

BDA Vienna: all Austrian monuments & archaeol.sites

AAI Vienna: Ephesos; Carnuntum et al.; Egypt, Italy, Greece

Belgium: CU.Leuven: Sagalassos,

Germany: GAI-Istanbul: Pergamon, Milet et al.

U.Tuebingen: German Troy Project

U.Frankfurt: Priene

<u>Italy</u>: <u>U.Lecce</u>: Hierapolis - Pamukkale

Turkey: U.Ankara: Magnesia/Maeander

ITU Istanbul: PRS

Denmark: U.Odense: Halikarnassos

Sweden: U.Uppsala: Labraunda

Greece: A.U.Thessaloniki: PRS and CIPA

Summary

- Framework idea: UNESCO Cultural Region
- Core project: Monitoring and management
- Object: Archaeol. sites (Western Anatolia)
- Group: Networks of nat. & intern. experts
- Money: From EU & site management
- Time table: 2006 2009
- Results: Guidebook and web-examples

Teamwork of experts



